



JABATAN PERKHIDMATAN VETERINAR

LAPORAN PEMANTAUAN MEDIA

16 - 18 OGOS 2025 (SABTU - ISNIN)

Sabah Cops Probing Viral Video of Animal Abuse At Kudat PPRT

MEDIA	RUANGAN	MUKA SURAT	TARIKH
The Star	Nation	Online	15 Ogos

KOTA KINABALU: Authorities are investigating allegations of animal abuse at the Taman Ehsan hardcore poor housing programme (PPRT) in Kudat.

Videos have gone viral showing a group of young boys hurling rocks at a litter of puppies by the staircase while laughing, and another showing a person swinging a newborn puppy which he tied up before throwing it towards the group.

Animal groups as well as social media users are calling the actions inhumane and want the police as well as Sabah Department of Veterinary Services (DVS) to take action.

Sabah DVS director Dr Mary Golingai said they were investigating the matter.

It is learnt that Kudat police are also already on the case.-

[THE STAR](#)

Slaughtering, Processing of Imported Meat Comply with Malaysian, Australian Standards - JAKIM

MEDIA	RUANGAN	MUKA SURAT	TARIKH
BERNAMA	General	Online	15 Ogos



PUTRAJAYA, Aug 15 (Bernama) -- All slaughtering and processing of meat and meat-based products, supplied or exported to Malaysia, are carried out in accordance with the standards and regulations set by both Malaysia and Australia.

Department of Islamic Development Malaysia (JAKIM) director-general Datuk Dr Sirajuddin Suhaimee said this was to ensure that only genuinely halal products reach the public, especially Muslims, in the country.

He also denied claims made in a viral video that JAKIM does not conduct audits on imported Australian meat.

According to Sirajuddin, the video circulating on social media under the title 'JAKIM jarang audit daging import Australia, rakyat Malaysia termakan bangkai' (JAKIM rarely audits imported Australian meat, Malaysians eat carcasses) is an old recording from 2022, which has been re-shared.

"The video contains inaccurate information and could mislead the public," he

said in a statement today.

He said that JAKIM has a holistic halal assessment and monitoring mechanism, involving comprehensive procedures at the national level, and is recognised internationally.

“This mechanism also includes the assessment and continuous monitoring of overseas halal certification bodies recognised by JAKIM, to ensure that only products which fully comply with Islamic law and Malaysian standards are allowed into the local market.

“Internationally, JAKIM operates a Halal Attache Office at the Malaysian High Commission in Canberra, Australia, which is responsible for scheduled and continuous monitoring of slaughterhouses and meat processing plants, approved and recognised by the Department of Veterinary Services (DVS) Malaysia,” he said.

Australia’s Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry (DAFF) also enforces regulations governing the entire process of preparing halal meat for export.

“Only products which meet Australian export regulations, and comply with the requirements of the

importing country, including Malaysia’s halal standards, are permitted for export,” he said.

“Additionally, at the country’s entry points, comprehensive inspections are carried out by the Department of Quarantine and Inspection Services Malaysia (MAQIS) and the Royal Malaysian Customs Department.

“All documents, including the halal verification certificate, consignment note and import details, are thoroughly checked, and only products which are authentic, complete and meet all requirements are allowed into the local market,” he said

In this regard, he reminded the public to verify the validity of any information before sharing it, and to refer any halal-related matters to the competent authorities for confirmation.-[BERNAMA](#)

Govt Assures Meat From Australia Are Audited For Halal Standards

MEDIA	RUANGAN	MUKA SURAT	TARIKH
Business Today	News	Online	15 Ogos



The government has assured that all meat imported from Australia is thoroughly audited and complies with halal standards, following a viral video claiming otherwise. The video, which surfaced on social media, was recorded in 2022 and contained misleading information.

Jabatan Kemajuan Islam Malaysia (JAKIM) clarified that it operates a comprehensive halal assessment and monitoring system recognised both nationally and internationally. The system

includes continuous evaluation of foreign halal certification bodies to ensure that only products meeting Shariah law and Malaysian standards are allowed into the country.

All slaughtering and processing of meat and meat-based products exported to Malaysia must adhere to Shariah law, the Malaysian Standard MS 1500, and the Malaysian Protocol for Halal Meat and Poultry Productions. Only products certified halal by recognised foreign bodies and audited by JAKIM and the

Department of Veterinary Services (DVS) are permitted for export.

JAKIM maintains a Halal Attaché office at the Malaysian High Commission in Canberra, Australia. The office is responsible for scheduled inspections of slaughterhouses and processing plants approved by DVS Malaysia. Australian authorities, through the Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry (DAFF), also enforce regulations to ensure exported halal meat complies with both Australian export rules and Malaysian halal requirements.

Upon arrival in Malaysia, all meat imports undergo detailed inspections by the Malaysian Quarantine and Inspection Services (MAQIS) and the Royal Malaysian Customs Department. Documents such as halal certification, consignment notes, and import details are checked before the products are allowed into the local market.

JAKIM emphasised that the allegations of inadequate auditing are unfounded, as all processes are carried out according to established standards in both countries to guarantee that only truly halal products reach Malaysian consumers. The

public has been urged to verify information before sharing and to consult authorised authorities on halal matters.-

[BUSINESSTODAY](#)

Piawaian Halal Malaysia Seragam, Tidak Berubah

MEDIA	RUANGAN	MUKA SURAT	TARIKH
Sinar Harian	Edisi Halal	Online	15 Ogos



PENSIJILAN halal hanya akan diberikan kepada loji sembelihan luar negara yang memenuhi tiga dokumen penting iaitu Standard Malaysia bagi operasi halal, Protokol Malaysia bagi pengeluaran daging dan unggas halal serta Protokol Import yang dikeluarkan oleh Jabatan Perkhidmatan Veterinar. -Foto: CANVA

JABATAN Kemajuan Islam Malaysia (Jakim) tetap berpegang teguh kepada piawaian halal Malaysia yang bersifat seragam dan tidak berubah mengikut negara asal pengeluar daging atau produk berasaskan haiwan yang dieksport ke negara ini.

Pengarah Kanan Cawangan Antarabangsa Bahagian Pengurusan Halal Jakim, Muhammad Naim Mohd Aziz menjelaskan, piawaian halal yang diguna pakai ketika ini telah dibangunkan sejak puluhan tahun lalu dan

masih kekal sebagai rujukan utama dalam proses pensijilan sehingga hari ini.

“Asas kepada standard halal yang telah pun kita bangunkan ini, paksi utamanya adalah pematuhan kepada hukum syariah.”

“Kemudian aspek pelengkapanya adalah kebersihan dan toyyiban (baik serta selamat),” katanya kepada Bernama TV.

Jelas Muhammad Naim, pensijilan halal hanya akan

diberikan kepada loji sembelihan luar negara yang memenuhi tiga dokumen penting iaitu Standard Malaysia, Protokol Malaysia dan Protokol Import yang dikeluarkan oleh Jabatan Perkhidmatan Veterinar.

Jelas beliau, syarat paling asas ialah loji itu perlu berstatus hanya memproses haiwan halal tanpa sebarang percampuran dengan sumber yang diragui atau tidak halal.

“Rumah sembelihan atau loji pemprosesan haiwan itu hanya akan diberikan kelulusan jika ia hanya memproses haiwan halal sahaja,” katanya.

Bukan itu sahaja, setiap loji juga diwajibkan mempunyai sistem kawalan halal dalaman termasuk penyembelih beragama Islam, pemeriksa halal dan penyelia yang bertanggungjawab memantau keseluruhan proses bermula dari kemasukan haiwan hidup sehinggalah ke peringkat pembungkusan.

“Mereka mesti mempunyai pengawas halal yang akan membuat penilaian sama ada sembelihan itu sempurna atau tidak dan kita juga syaratkan kepada loji berkenaan memiliki penyelia yang akan memantau

keseluruhan aktiviti terlibat dalam loji sembelihan.

“Ini bermakna, bermula daripada penerimaan haiwan, penyembelihan, pemeriksaan, pemotongan dan pembungkusan sehinggalah produk sedia untuk dihantar atau dipindahkan dari loji ke lokasi seterusnya, semua peringkat ini akan diaudit secara teliti,” jelas beliau.-

[SINARHARIAN](#)

Dakwaan JAKIM Jarang Audit Daging Import Australia Tidak Berasas

MEDIA	RUANGAN	MUKA SURAT	TARIKH
Malaysia Gazette	Nasional	Online	15 Ogos



Jabatan Kemajuan Islam Malaysia (JAKIM). Foto MUHAIMIN MARWAN, 10 JULAI 2025

KUALA LUMPUR – Video tular di media sosial yang mendakwa Jabatan Kemajuan Islam Malaysia (JAKIM) jarang melakukan audit terhadap daging import Australia, adalah tidak berasas.

Ketua Pengarah JAKIM, Datuk Dr Sirajuddin Suhaimee menegaskan, tuduhan tersebut mengandungi maklumat tidak tepat serta berpotensi mengelirukan orang ramai.

Jelasnya, semua proses dijalankan mengikut standard dan piawaian yang

telah ditetapkan oleh kedua-dua negara, bagi menjamin hanya produk yang benar-benar halal sampai kepada masyarakat, khususnya umat Islam di Malaysia.

“Kerajaan Madani melalui JAKIM menegaskan bahawa video yang tular di media sosial dengan tajuk “JAKIM jarang audit daging import Australia, rakyat Malaysia termakan bangkai” merupakan rakaman lama dari tahun 2022 yang kembali ditularkan,” katanya menerusi kenyataan.

Katanya, jabatan itu

mempunyai Pejabat Atase Halal di Suruhanjaya Tinggi Malaysia, Canberra, Australia yang bertanggungjawab melaksanakan pemantauan secara berjadual dan berterusan terhadap rumah sembelihan dan loji pemprosesan produk daging yang telah diluluskan serta diiktiraf oleh Jabatan Perkhidmatan Veterinar (DVS) Malaysia.

Katanya, Pihak berkuasa Australia iaitu The Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry (DAFF) turut menguatkuasa peraturan yang mengawal keseluruhan proses penyediaan daging halal untuk tujuan eksport. Hanya produk yang memenuhi peraturan eksport Australia serta mematuhi keperluan negara pengimport, termasuk syarat halal Malaysia, akan dibenarkan dieksport.

Menurut beliau, hanya produk daripada rumah sembelihan dan loji pemprosesan yang telah disahkan halal oleh badan pensijilan halal luar negara yang diiktiraf JAKIM, serta telah diaudit dan diperakui oleh DVS dan JAKIM, dibenarkan dieksport ke Malaysia.

“Proses sembelihan serta pemprosesan produk daging dan berasaskan daging yang

dibekalkan atau dieksport ke Malaysia wajib mematuhi hukum syarak, Standard Malaysia (MS 1500) dan ‘Malaysian Protocol for the Halal Meat and Poultry Productions’, di samping mematuhi peraturan khusus negara pengeksporth,” katanya menerusi kenyataan.

Tambah Sirajuddin, pemeriksaan menyeluruh dilaksanakan oleh Jabatan Perkhidmatan Kuarantin dan Pemeriksaan Malaysia (MAQIS) serta Jabatan Kastam Diraja Malaysia di pintu masuk negara yang menetapkan hanya produk yang sah, lengkap, dan memenuhi semua syarat akan dibenarkan masuk ke pasaran tempatan.-

[MALAYSIAGAZETTE](#)

JAKIM Nafi Dakwaan Jarang Audit Daging Import Australia

MEDIA	RUANGAN	MUKA SURAT	TARIKH
Berita RTM	Nasional	Online	15 Ogos



FOTO HIASAN

KUALA LUMPUR, 15 Ogos – Jabatan Kemajuan Islam Malaysia (JAKIM) menegaskan bahawa video tular di media sosial bertajuk “JAKIM jarang audit daging import Australia, rakyat Malaysia termakan bangkai” adalah rakaman lama dari tahun 2022 yang mengandungi maklumat tidak tepat serta berpotensi mengelirukan orang ramai.

Ketua Pengarahnya, Datuk Dr. Sirajuddin Suhaimee berkata, JAKIM sentiasa melaksanakan penilaian dan pemantauan halal secara holistik melalui prosedur

komprehensif yang diiktiraf di peringkat antarabangsa.

“Dakwaan bahawa JAKIM tidak melaksanakan audit adalah tidak berasas. Semua proses dijalankan mengikut standard dan piawaian kedua-dua negara bagi memastikan hanya produk yang benar-benar halal sampai kepada masyarakat, khususnya umat Islam di Malaysia.

“Penilaian dan pemantauan berterusan turut dilakukan terhadap badan pensijilan halal luar negara yang diiktiraf JAKIM, bagi

memastikan hanya produk yang mematuhi hukum syarak dan piawaian Malaysia dibenarkan memasuki pasaran tempatan.

"Proses sembelihan serta pemprosesan produk daging dan berasaskan daging yang dibekalkan atau dieksport ke Malaysia wajib mematuhi hukum syarak, Standard Malaysia (MS 1500) dan Malaysian Protocol for the Halal Meat and Poultry Productions, selain peraturan khusus negara pengeksport," jelasnya dalam satu kenyataan.

Tambah Dr. Sirajuddin , hanya produk daripada rumah sembelihan dan loji pemprosesan yang disahkan halal oleh badan pensijilan luar negara diiktiraf JAKIM, serta telah diaudit dan diperakui oleh Jabatan Perkhidmatan Veterinar (DVS) dan JAKIM, dibenarkan dieksport ke Malaysia.

Di peringkat antarabangsa, JAKIM turut mempunyai Pejabat Atase Halal di Suruhanjaya Tinggi Malaysia, Canberra, Australia, bagi melaksanakan pemantauan berjadual terhadap rumah sembelihan dan loji pemprosesan yang diluluskan serta diiktiraf oleh DVS Malaysia.

Selain itu, pihak berkuasa Australia melalui The

Department of Agriculture, Fisheries and Forestry (DAFF) turut menguatkuasakan peraturan penyediaan daging halal untuk tujuan eksport, manakala pemeriksaan di pintu masuk negara dilaksanakan oleh Jabatan Perkhidmatan Kuarantin dan Pemeriksaan Malaysia (MAQIS) serta Jabatan Kastam Diraja Malaysia.

JAKIM mengingatkan orang ramai supaya menyemak kesahihan sesuatu maklumat sebelum menyebarkannya serta merujuk isu berkaitan halal kepada pihak berkuasa berwibawa untuk pengesahan.-[BERITARTM](#)

Tular: SAFM Kecam Tindakan Remaja Aniaya Haiwan

MEDIA	RUANGAN	MUKA SURAT	TARIKH
Buletin TV3	Nasional	Online	15 Ogos



KUDAT: Persatuan Haiwan Terbiar Malaysia (SAFM) mengecam keras tindakan tidak berperikemanusiaan sekumpulan remaja yang melakukan penganiayaan terhadap haiwan.

Video kejadian itu tular, memaparkan seorang remaja membaling batu ke arah beberapa ekor kucing, selain seorang lagi mengikat dan menggantung seekor anak anjing.

Menurut SAFM, kejadian dipercayai berlaku di kawasan Program

Perumahan Rakyat Termiskin (PPRT) Taman Ehsan, Kudat, Sabah.

“Tindakan ini jelas melanggar hak-hak haiwan dan merupakan satu bentuk penderaan yang tidak seharusnya dibiarkan berlaku dalam masyarakat kita,” kata SAFM dalam satu kenyataan.

SAFM berkata, perbuatan itu menyalahi Seksyen 29 Akta Kebajikan Haiwan 2015 yang memperuntukkan denda maksimum RM100,000 atau penjara sehingga tiga tahun atau kedua-duanya, jika sabit kesalahan.

Sehubungan itu, SAFM menggesa saksi kejadian atau individu yang mempunyai maklumat untuk tampil membuat laporan di balai polis berdekatan serta kepada Jabatan Perkhidmatan Veterinar (DVS) bagi memastikan tindakan tegas diambil terhadap mereka yang terlibat.-[BULETINTV3](#)

Video Dakwa Rakyat Malaysia Termakan Bangkai Tidak Benar, Jakim Beri Penjelasan

MEDIA	RUANGAN	MUKA SURAT	TARIKH
Majoriti	Berita	Online	15 Ogos



Sirajuddin (gambar kecil) berkata, Jakim mempunyai mekanisme penilaian dan pemantauan halal menyeluruh yang melibatkan prosedur komprehensif di peringkat kebangsaan dan diiktiraf di peringkat antarabangsa.

SEMUA proses penyembelihan dan pemprosesan daging serta produk berasaskan daging yang dibekalkan ke Malaysia dijalankan mengikut piawaian dan peraturan Malaysia serta Australia.

Pengarah Jabatan Kemajuan Islam Malaysia (Jakim), Datuk Dr. Sirajuddin Suhaimee, menegaskan langkah itu bertujuan memastikan hanya produk halal yang sah sampai ke pasaran tempatan.

Beliau menafikan dakwaan dalam video tular bahawa

Jakim jarang melakukan audit terhadap daging import dari Australia.

"Video bertajuk 'Jakim jarang audit daging import Australia, rakyat Malaysia termakan bangkai' sebenarnya rakaman lama dari 2022 yang dikongsi semula.

"Video tersebut juga mengandungi maklumat tidak tepat dan berpotensi menyesatkan orang ramai," kata beliau dalam satu kenyataan pada Jumaat.

Menurut Sirajuddin, Jakim mempunyai mekanisme penilaian dan pemantauan halal menyeluruh yang melibatkan prosedur komprehensif di peringkat kebangsaan dan diiktiraf di peringkat antarabangsa.

“Mekanisme ini merangkumi penilaian serta pemantauan berterusan terhadap badan pensijilan halal luar negara yang diiktiraf Jakim bagi memastikan hanya produk yang mematuhi hukum Islam dan piawaian Malaysia dibenarkan masuk ke pasaran tempatan.

“Di peringkat antarabangsa, Jakim menempatkan Pejabat Halal Attache di Suruhanjaya Tinggi Malaysia, Canberra, Australia, yang memantau secara berjadual dan berterusan rumah penyembelihan serta kilang pemprosesan daging yang diluluskan Jabatan Perkhidmatan Veterinar (DVS),” jelasnya.

Selain itu, Jabatan Pertanian, Perikanan dan Perhutanan Australia (DAFF) turut menguatkuasakan peraturan yang mengawal keseluruhan proses penyediaan daging halal untuk eksport.

“Hanya produk yang mematuhi peraturan eksport Australia serta piawaian halal Malaysia dibenarkan dieksport. Di pintu masuk

negara pula, pemeriksaan menyeluruh dijalankan oleh Jabatan Perkhidmatan Kuarantin dan Pemeriksaan Malaysia (Maqis) serta Jabatan Kastam.

“Semua dokumen, termasuk sijil halal, nota konsainan dan butiran import, diperiksa dengan teliti sebelum produk dibenarkan masuk,” katanya.

Sirajuddin mengingatkan orang ramai supaya mengesahkan kesahihan maklumat sebelum berkongsi dan merujuk sebarang isu berkaitan halal kepada pihak berkuasa yang berkeelayakan.

Terdahulu, tular video mendakwa Jakim jarang melakukan audit di rumah penyembelihan daging di Australia, dakwaan yang dibuat oleh seorang bekas pekerja penyembelihan.

Bekas pekerja itu mendakwa kebanyakan haiwan tidak disembelih mengikut prosedur sebaliknya dilemaskan dalam darah, sebelum daging berkenaan diimport ke Malaysia.—

[MAJORITI](#)

Proses Sembelihan, Pemprosesan Daging Import Patuhi Piawaian Malaysia, Australia - Jakim

MEDIA	RUANGAN	MUKA SURAT	TARIKH
Astro Awani	Malaysia	Online	15 Ogos



Jakim menjelaskan bahawa pemantauan halal melibatkan kerjasama dengan pihak berkuasa Australia (DAFF). - Gambar hiasan/ Reuters

PUTRAJAYA: Semua proses penyembelihan serta pemprosesan produk daging dan berasaskan daging yang dibekalkan atau dieksport ke Malaysia, dijalankan mengikut standard dan piawaian yang telah ditetapkan oleh negara ini dan Australia.

Ketua Pengarah Jabatan Kemajuan Islam Malaysia (Jakim) Datuk Sirajuddin Suhaimee dalam kenyataan hari ini memaklumkan ia bagi menjamin hanya produk yang benar-benar halal sampai kepada masyarakat,

khususnya umat Islam.

Sirajuddin berkata kenyataan itu menafikan dakwaan Jakim tidak melaksanakan audit terhadap daging import Australia, seperti yang tular dalam sebuah video di media sosial.

Beliau berkata video bertajuk 'Jakim jarang audit daging import Australia, rakyat Malaysia termakan bangkai' adalah rakaman lama pada 2022 yang ditularkan kembali.

"Video itu mengandungi maklumat tidak tepat serta

berpotensi mengelirukan orang ramai," katanya.

Beliau berkata Jakim mempunyai mekanisme penilaian dan pemantauan halal yang bersifat holistik, melibatkan prosedur yang komprehensif di peringkat nasional dan diiktiraf di peringkat antarabangsa.

"Mekanisme ini turut merangkumi penilaian serta pemantauan berterusan terhadap badan pensijilan halal luar negara yang diiktiraf Jakim bagi memastikan hanya produk yang benar-benar mematuhi hukum syarak dan piawaian Malaysia dibenarkan masuk ke pasaran negara," katanya.

Sirajuddin berkata di peringkat antarabangsa, Jakim mempunyai Pejabat Atase Halal di Suruhanjaya Tinggi Malaysia, Canberra, Australia yang bertanggungjawab melaksanakan pemantauan secara berjadual dan berterusan terhadap rumah sembelihan serta loji pemprosesan produk daging yang telah diluluskan dan diiktiraf oleh Jabatan Perkhidmatan Veterinar Malaysia.

Beliau berkata Pihak berkuasa Australia sendiri iaitu Jabatan Pertanian, Perikanan dan Perhutanan (DAFF) turut menguatkuasakan peraturan yang mengawal keseluruhan proses penyediaan daging

halal untuk tujuan eksport.

"Hanya produk yang memenuhi peraturan eksport Australia dan mematuhi keperluan negara pengimport, termasuk syarat halal Malaysia dibenarkan dieksport.

"Selain itu, di pintu masuk negara pemeriksaan menyeluruh dilaksanakan oleh Jabatan Perkhidmatan Kuarantin dan Pemeriksaan Malaysia (MAQIS) serta Jabatan Kastam Diraja Malaysia.

"Semua dokumen termasuk Sijil Pengesahan Halal, nota konsainan dan butiran pengimportan diperiksa secara terperinci, dan produk sah, lengkap dan memenuhi semua syarat akan dibenarkan masuk ke pasaran tempatan," katanya.-

[ASTROAWANI](#)

Polis Terima 3 Laporan Kes Aniaya Haiwan di Kudat

MEDIA	RUANGAN	MUKA SURAT	TARIKH
Buletin TV3	Nasional	Online	16 Ogos



KUDAT: Polis mengesahkan menerima tiga laporan berhubung kes penganiayaan haiwan yang dipercayai berlaku di Projek Perumahan Rakyat Termiskin (PPRT) Taman Ehsan, Kudat, baru-baru ini.

Ketua Polis Daerah Kudat, Superintendan Mohd Haris Ibrahim berkata, hasil perbincangan dengan Jabatan Perkhidmatan Veterinar (DVS) Sabah, pihak berkenaan telah membuka kertas siasatan terhadap semua suspek yang terlibat.

“Semakan kami mendapati pihak DVS Sabah juga telah

membuat laporan polis berkaitan video tular itu.

“Buat masa ini, semua siasatan adalah di bawah seliaan serta tindakan pegawai penyiasat DVS Sabah,” katanya kepada Buletin TV3, hari ini.

Semalam, tular di media sosial video yang memaparkan seorang remaja membaling batu ke arah beberapa ekor kucing, selain seorang lagi mengikat dan menggantung seekor anak anjing.

Insiden itu mendapat perhatian pelbagai pihak

termasuk Persatuan Haiwan Terbiar Malaysia (SAFM) yang mengecam keras tindakan tidak berperikemanusiaan sekumpulan remaja itu.-
[BULETINTV3](#)

Dakwa Anjing Disiat Kulit Hidup-hidup, Kumpulan Tuntut Pelaku Dihukum

MEDIA	RUANGAN	MUKA SURAT	TARIKH
FMT	Tempatan	Online	17 Ogos



Sebuah kumpulan kebajikan haiwan dakwa seekor anjing disiat kulitnya hidup-hidup di sebuah kawasan industri di Krubong, Melaka.

PETALING JAYA: Sebuah persatuan kebajikan haiwan mendesak pihak berkuasa agar mengambil tindakan segera susulan penemuan seekor anjing yang didakwa disiat kulitnya hidup-hidup di sebuah kawasan perindustrian Krubong, Melaka.

Persatuan Haiwan Terbiar Malaysia (SAFM) menggesa polis dan Jabatan Perkhidmatan Veterinar (JPV) agar menyiasat kes itu segera, menyifatkannya sebagai tindakan tidak berperikemanusiaan.

“Penderaan terhadap haiwan merupakan kesalahan serius yang perlu diambil tindakan undang-undang yang sewajarnya.

“Kami menuntut agar pihak berkuasa segera bertindak untuk memastikan keadilan ditegakkan,” kata SAFM di Facebook.

Menurut persatuan tu, tindakan penderaan haiwan boleh dihukum dengan denda tidak lebih RM100,000 atau penjara tidak lebih tiga tahun, atau kedua-duanya sekali, bawah Akta Kebajikan

Haiwan 2015.

SAFM turut menyeru agar sesiapa yang mempunyai maklumat tentang kejadian tampil membantu siasatan.

Ketua Polis Melaka Tengah Christopher Patit berkata, pihaknya sedang meneliti perkara tersebut.-[FMT](#)

Cops Launch Probe After NGO Says Dog Found Skinned Alive

MEDIA	RUANGAN	MUKA SURAT	TARIKH
FMT	Nation	Online	17 Ogos



Melaka Tengah police chief Christopher Patit said a thorough investigation into animal cruelty would be carried out under the Animal Welfare Act. (Facebook pic)

PETALING JAYA: Melaka police are investigating the abuse of a dog after an animal welfare group claimed it had been found partially skinned alive at an industrial area in Krubong.

Melaka Tengah police chief Christopher Patit said a report was lodged this afternoon that the complainant and representatives of several animal welfare NGOs had gone to the location at about 3pm on Friday after receiving information about a seriously injured dog.

“The dog was found to have severe injuries on its body and neck, believed to be from abuse. A person who frequently feeds stray dogs in the area took the injured dog to a veterinary clinic for treatment but the injuries and infection were found to be too serious.

“On the veterinarian’s advice, the dog was euthanised to avoid prolonging its suffering,” Patit said in a statement tonight.

He said the authorities take a serious view of any form of

animal abuse and a thorough investigation into animal cruelty will be conducted under the Animal Welfare Act, which provides penalties for fines between RM20,000 and RM100,000 and up to three years' jail or both.

Earlier today, animal welfare group Persatuan Haiwan Terbiar Malaysia had called for immediate action by the police and veterinary services department. The group posted a video and graphic photographs showing the injuries to the dog's lower back and legs.-[FMT](#)

Skinned Dog in Melaka Sparks Outrage, Authorities Told To Act

MEDIA	RUANGAN	MUKA SURAT	TARIKH
New Straits Times	Nation	Online	17 Ogos



The Stray Animal Foundation Malaysia (SAFM) has condemned a horrific act in Krubong, Melaka, where a dog was found skinned in the Krubong Industrial Area. – PIC FROM SAFM'S FB

KUALA LUMPUR: The Stray Animal Foundation Malaysia (SAFM) has condemned a horrific act in Krubong, Melaka, where a dog was found skinned in the Krubong Industrial Area.

The organisation urged authorities, particularly the police and the Veterinary Services Department (DVS), to launch an immediate investigation and take strict action against those responsible.

"Animal cruelty is a serious offence that demands robust

legal action. We call on the authorities to act swiftly to ensure justice is served," SAFM said in a Facebook post.

Under Section 29 of the Animal Welfare Act 2015, offenders found guilty of abusing or neglecting animals may face a fine of up to RM100,000, imprisonment of up to three years, or both.

SAFM also appealed to witnesses or anyone with information regarding the incident to come forward and report it to the authorities.

Those with details can contact SAFM at 013-7066770 or via email at enquiry@animal.org.my.

Meanwhile, Melaka Tengah district police chief Assistant Commissioner Christopher Patit confirmed that the case is under investigation.-

[NEWSTRAITTIMES](#)

Uproar Over Dog Skinned Alive

MEDIA	RUANGAN	MUKA SURAT	TARIKH
The Star	Nation	Online	18 Ogos

MELAKA: An animal welfare group has lodged a police report after a dog was allegedly skinned alive in an industrial area in Krubong here.

Melaka Tengah OCPD Asst Comm Christopher Patit said the police would act accordingly.

Earlier, Persatuan Haiwan Terbiar Malaysia president R. Kalaivanan condemned the act, believed to have taken place last Friday, describing it as “merciless and inhumane”.

“The dog has since been euthanised by a veterinarian,” he said when contacted yesterday and called on the Veterinary Services Department to probe the case.-[THE STAR](#)

'Chlorinated Chicken' Not New To Malaysia, DVS Cites Codex Standards

MEDIA	RUANGAN	MUKA SURAT	TARIKH
Code Blue	News	Online	18 Ogos



Chlorinated chicken. Photo from Shutterstock.

Malaysia allows Codex-approved US meat practices like chlorine poultry washes and limited ractopamine use in pigs. Local poultry slaughter plants use chlorination. Experts say tariff cuts on US food won't weaken standards, but stress strong surveillance.

KUALA LUMPUR, August 18 — Malaysia already permits certain American-style meat production practices, like chlorine washes for poultry and the limited use of ractopamine in pigs, if they meet Codex Alimentarius limits.

These international food safety rules, known as the Food Code, are also followed by the United States (US), but the European Union (EU) has more stringent standards, with bans on “chlorinated chicken” and the use of ractopamine, a growth promoter, in food-producing animals since the late 1990s.

The Department of Veterinary Services (DVS) under the Agriculture and Food Security Ministry (KPKM) told CodeBlue that Codex-based rules, alongside Malaysia's own prohibitions on growth hormones in all

livestock and ractopamine in ruminants, apply equally to all exporting countries, including the US. Ruminant animals include cattle, sheep, goats, and buffalo.

The government's recent agreement to remove tariffs on 191 American agricultural products does not alter these safety requirements.

"The standards referred to for the importation of animal products are in line with international standards, such as the World Organisation for Animal Health's Terrestrial Animal Health Code (TAHC) and the Codex Alimentarius, and in addition, they must comply with Malaysian legislation, namely the Food Act 1983," DVS said in a statement to CodeBlue last Friday.

Public concern on X had focused on "chlorinated chicken" and hormone-treated beef after the tariff announcement. In reality, Codex-approved methods like poultry chlorine washes are already used locally, while ractopamine is permitted only in pigs and within strict residue limits – a practice also allowed in US exports but banned in the EU.

Codex Alimentarius, jointly developed by the Food and Agriculture Organization

(FAO) and the World Health Organization (WHO), sets international food safety standards. A chlorine wash reduces bacteria in poultry, while ractopamine is a feed additive for pigs and beef cattle that promotes leanness. Codex sets maximum residue limits (MRLs) for ractopamine in pigs and cattle.

DVS said animal product imports are approved based on the exporting country's disease-free status and mitigation measures under the TAHC.

Slaughterhouses and processing plants must meet Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Points (HACCP) requirements, Good Manufacturing Practices (GMP), and Malaysia's Code of Veterinary Practice, whether local or foreign.

Meat for the halal market must also meet Department of Islamic Development Malaysia (Jakim) standards, including permissible species, slaughter methods, and absence of prohibited substances, such as pork derivatives and alcohol.

Malaysia Self-Sufficient in Poultry, Dependent on Indian Beef, US Pork Rising.

Malaysia remains heavily dependent on imported livestock

products, including beef, poultry, pork, and mutton, as well as live animals.

The country imported RM7.06 billion worth of meat in 2023, compared to RM1.07 billion in exports, according to the Department of Statistics Malaysia's (DOSM) 2023 Agricultural Census (Livestock) interim report.

Broader livestock and animal product imports, including dairy, eggs, hides, and feed, totalled RM12.37 billion in 2022, against RM3.48 billion in exports, DVS data shows.

In 2022, Malaysia's self-sufficiency ratio (SSR) was at 109.0 per cent for poultry/duck eggs, 94.4 per cent for chicken/duck meat, 57.3 per cent for fresh milk, and just 14.7 per cent for beef/water buffalo meat – highlighting strong domestic output in poultry but heavy reliance on beef imports.

Poultry exports in 2023 – RM726.7 million in chicken and RM671.2 million in eggs – went mainly to Singapore, followed by Vietnam and Brunei. Australia, New Zealand, and Thailand supplied 84.8 per cent of livestock imports that year.

For beef, India remains the dominant supplier, accounting for about 76 per cent of Malaysia's beef

imports, according to the US Department of Agriculture's (USDA) Exporter Guide Annual 2025.

Malaysia does not currently import US beef, as no American slaughter or processing plants have Jakim halal approval, the USDA report stated.

Investment, Trade and Industry Minister Tengku Zafrul Abdul Aziz previously told Parliament there will be “no compromise” on the country's halal requirements, saying only US halal certifiers recognised by Jakim will be accepted for meat and poultry imports.

He said US exports must fully comply with Malaysian halal requirements, including Jakim inspection and accreditation of slaughterhouses and processing plants before market entry.

Halal certification is mandatory for beef, lamb, poultry, and dairy, while voluntary certification for other products can expand market access as Malaysia seeks to position itself as a regional halal export hub.

Direct US meat exports to Malaysia remain small and are largely in pork. While Malaysia produces its own pork, the spread of African

swine fever (ASF) locally has prompted the search for new suppliers.

Malaysian pork imports surged by 1,530 per cent from 2022 to 2023, with US pork beginning to gain market share. Key suppliers include the EU, Canada, Australia, in addition to the US.

FAO Expert: Malaysia's Import Rules, Plant Checks Keep Safety Standards Intact.

Veterinary experts say the recent tariff decision doesn't change Malaysia's safety bar for imports and that existing rules already govern what can enter the market.

Dr Henry Yap Teow Chong, an international consultant at the Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO), said there were "no concerns on the decision of zero-rate tariff on non-poultry products" as Malaysia is not self-sufficient in beef, mutton, or dairy.

"All meat imports are controlled by DVS on a needs basis. All livestock products to be imported into Malaysia can only come from DVS- and Jakim-accredited plants. Livestock slaughter in the US is inspected by the USDA and the standards are high," Dr Yap told CodeBlue in an email response.

He noted that some production methods associated with the US market, such as water-chilled poultry with chlorination, are already standard locally, capped at less than 20 ppm (20 milligrams per litre) under DVS rules.

"In the poultry slaughter plants in Malaysia, they are still using water chillers with chlorination, but according to DVS standards, it should be less than 20 ppm (20 milligrams of chlorine per litre of water).

"The only poultry slaughter plant in Malaysia using air chilling is Lay Hong. The shelf life is no better than the plants with water chilling. There is no premium price for such chicken in the market," Dr Yap said.

In 1997, the EU banned the practice of washing chicken in chlorine and other disinfectants to remove harmful bacteria. Food safety concerns are not about consuming chlorine itself, but the EU believes that relying on a chlorine rinse at the end of the meat production process could be intended to compensate for poor hygiene standards, like dirty or crowded abattoirs.

Instead, the EU says the best way to eliminate the risk of salmonella and other

bacteria is to maintain high farming and production standards throughout the food chain, “from farm to fork.”

Expanding on processing conditions, Dr Yap said integrator-run, DVS-accredited facilities can produce chicken with about a one-week shelf life for supermarket retail, whereas smaller traditional slaughterhouses – with “below par” hygiene and sanitation – rely on same-day sales to minimise the risk window. Similar disparities in standards also apply to pig and ruminant slaughter.

Malaysia also enforces strict controls on substances in livestock production. “Ractopamine is not permitted for rearing livestock in Malaysia. Any meat imported and found to have any residues of this drug will be confiscated and destroyed,” Dr Yap said.

“Hormone injections in all livestock products are also not permitted in Malaysia,” he added, though he noted “there may be some unscrupulous farmers using it in pork and duck production.” Glyphosate residues in imported meat are also prohibited. Glyphosate is a weedicide commonly used in the US.

UPM Vet Dean Stresses Regulatory Vetting, Warns Of Long-Term Residue Risks.

Prof Dr Goh Yong-Meng, dean of Universiti Putra Malaysia’s Faculty of Veterinary Medicine and chair of the Malaysian Veterinary Council’s Qualifications & Accreditation Committee, said any market opening would still require detailed regulatory vetting.

“Entry of any product would require detailed study and risk assessment from regulatory authorities, in particular from the perspective of food safety, level of residues (or banned residues) allowed, disease status of the animals used for the food products, and in Malaysia – compliance to halal requirements, as well as other sticking points.

“There will definitely be concerns, but Malaysia has the capacity to address all these concerns in a measured manner, maybe not at the rate that the Trump government envisions things to happen,” Dr Goh told CodeBlue.

He contrasted food production systems across regions, describing the US as “more business and profit oriented”, while the EU and Australia often see themselves as “guardians of

sustainability practices” with stricter ethical and residue controls.

On ractopamine, Dr Goh said the beta-agonist is banned in at least 160 countries “for good reasons”, citing its association with heart rate disruption, nervous system effects, blood pressure irregularities, and higher risks of atherosclerosis and cancer.

In Malaysia, infeed antibiotics and growth hormones are banned under the Feed Act 2009. Ractopamine is prohibited in ruminants but allowed at “extremely low doses” in pigs.

However, Dr Goh warned that the so-called “safe limits” are “just for psychological comfort” and that cumulative exposure over time, especially in fat tissues, remains a concern.

“Studies showed that some of these substances could stay for years in human and animal fat tissues,” Dr Goh said. “Therefore, the best would be to source livestock products from sustainable, ‘clean’, and responsible sources.”

On market dynamics, Dr Goh said US beef would only make a dent if it could undercut Indian buffalo meat (“Carrabeef”), which makes

up 50 to 60 per cent of Malaysia’s beef imports.

“Personally, I don’t think the American imports would be able to compete with the much cheaper Indian beef in the mass market. It might displace some Australian, Brazilian and some other market share, but unless it is really cheap, it will not cause any big change,” Dr Goh said, noting that the high competitiveness of Indian beef is one reason Malaysia does not have a thriving local beef industry.

Dr Yap agreed that US meat are “not low-cost products” and unlikely to cause a surge in imports. He considered American meat “probably safer than from Vietnam and Thailand”, but said quality can vary and seasonal price competition exists.

Both Dr Yap and Dr Goh stressed that halal compliance remains foundational for market entry, with plant-level accreditation by DVS and Jakim acting as the final gatekeeper.

Mavma Backs Tariff Cut If Import Rules, Surveillance Standards Maintained.

The Malaysian Veterinary Medical Association (Mavma) said it had no specific veterinary concerns with the

tariff cut on agricultural products from the US if Malaysia's regulatory, health, and surveillance frameworks were maintained.

Mavma vice president Dr Chee Liung Wun and executive committee member Dr Wilmot Sasindran told CodeBlue that US veterinary drugs are regulated by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA), while Malaysia adds its own oversight via DVS sampling, testing, and surveillance.

"Ractopamine is permitted under the Food Act 1983 and Food Regulations 1985. As all other veterinary drugs, they are regulated by having MRL (maximum residue limits) adopted by Codex. This MRL should not be exceeded if used under veterinary supervision, according to label dosage, duration, and withdrawal period," they said.

"In terms of bio safety, biohazards and contamination, we are ensured that the US standard framework should be adequate to the strict regulatory Malaysian framework. This will be double-proofed with the availability of DVS local sampling, testing, surveillance and analysis."

They pointed to the Veterinary Public Health Lab

in Salak Tinggi and the Ministry of Health's (MOH) public health lab in Sungai Buloh, Selangor, but said budgets must keep pace with any increase in sampling. MAVMA also supported clearer meat labelling where it would protect the welfare, food safety and security of Malaysia.

Mavma said it engages regularly with DVS, MOH, and international agencies like the World Organisation for Animal Health (WOAH), FAO, and WHO, and plans further engagement with US regulators to ensure compliance.

The group urged a "dual-track strategy" by sustaining Malaysia's regulatory framework while making export-specific adjustments for both EU and US markets, leveraging science-based standards, robust surveillance, and international cooperation.-

[CODEBLUE](#)

KPKM Komited Banteras Penyeludupan Daging Khinzir Haram

MEDIA	RUANGAN	MUKA SURAT	TARIKH
TVS Sarawak	Malaysia	Online	18 Ogos



Timbalan menteri, Dato Sri Arthur Kurup.

KUALA LUMPUR, 18 Ogos: Kementerian Pertanian dan Keterjaminan Makanan (KPKM) akan terus mengambil tindakan tegas terhadap pengimportan dan penyeludupan haram daging khinzir, terutama dari kawasan yang terjejas penyakit seperti Streptococcus Suis dan Demam Babi Afrika (ASF).

Timbalan menteri, Dato Sri Arthur Kurup berkata kawalan dilakukan oleh Jabatan Perkhidmatan Kuarantin Dan Pemeriksaan Malaysia (MAQIS) melalui pemeriksaan dokumen,

permit import, sijil kesihatan veterinar, dan pemeriksaan fizikal kontena di sempadan negara.

“Bagi tempoh tahun 2024 sehingga Julai 2025, MAQIS berjaya mengesan 24 cubaan penyeludupan haram daging khinzir dengan jumlah tangkapan 640 tan metrik,” jelas beliau di Dewan Rakyat hari ini.

Beliau menjawab soalan Ahli Parlimen Bayan Baru, Sim Tze Tzin sebagai respons berkenaan tangkapan aktiviti penyeludupan haram daging khinzir di semua pintu masuk

Malaysia bagi tahun 2025.

Selain itu, beliau menyatakan bahawa Jabatan Perkhidmatan Veterinar (DVS) turut melaksanakan 18 rampasan melibatkan pemindahan karkas babi tanpa kebenaran serta daging sejuk beku disyaki diimport secara haram di tujuh negeri termasuk Kelantan, Selangor, Johor, Kedah, Pulau Pinang, Melaka dan Labuan.

“Jumlah keseluruhan rampasan adalah sebanyak 114 tan metrik karkas dengan nilai anggaran RM3.05 juta,” katanya.

Menurutnya, pihak kementerian menegaskan mana-mana pihak yang terlibat akan dikenakan tindakan undang-undang di bawah Akta Perkhidmatan Kuarantin dan Pemeriksaan Malaysia 2011 (Akta 728) serta Akta Binatang 1953 (Akta 647).

Dalam masa sama, KPKM akan memperkukuh kerjasama dengan negara jiran dan meningkatkan program kesedaran awam bagi mengelakkan kemasukan daging haram yang boleh mengancam kesihatan awam dan industri penternakan negara. – [TVS](#)

Kawalan Lebih Ketat Untuk Banteras Penyeludupan Daging Khinzir

MEDIA	RUANGAN	MUKA SURAT	TARIKH
Malaysia Gazette	Nasional	Online	18 Ogos



Timbalan Menteri Pertanian dan Keterjaminan Makanan yang juga Ahli Parlimen Pensiangan, Datuk Arthur Joseph Kurup ketika sesi perbahasan Rancangan Malaysia Ke-13 (RMK13) pada Mesyuarat Kedua Penggal Keempat Parlimen ke-15 di Dewan Rakyat, Parlimen. Foto JABATAN PENERANGAN MALAYSIA, 12 OGOS 2025.

KUALA LUMPUR – Kerajaan sentiasa melaksanakan langkah tegas bagi mengawal pengimportan dan membanteras aktiviti penyeludupan daging khinzir dari luar negara.

Timbalan Menteri Pertanian dan Keterjaminan Makanan (KPKM), Datuk Arthur Joseph Kurup berkata, tanggungjawab itu diambil menerusi Jabatan Perkhidmatan Kuarantin dan Pemeriksaan Malaysia (MAQIS) dan Jabatan Perkhidmatan Veterinar

(DVS).

Katanya, langkah kawalan itu dilaksanakan lebih ketat terhadap negara yang dikenal pasti mengalami penularan penyakit berbahaya seperti Streptococcus Suis dan African Swine Fever (ASF).

“MAQIS melaksanakan kawalan melalui pemeriksaan dokumen, termasuk keperluan permit import dan sijil kesihatan veterinar serta pemeriksaan fizikal kontena di pintu masuk sempadan

negara.

“Persampelan turut dijalankan bagi memastikan produk yang dibawa masuk bebas daripada sebarang penyakit,” katanya pada sesi jawab lisan di Dewan Rakyat hari ini.

Beliau menjawab pertanyaan Sim Tze Tzin (PH-Bayan Baru) yang meminta kementerian menyatakan tindakan penguatkuasaan MAQIS ke atas pengimportan dan penyeludupan haram daging khinzir dari luar negara terutamanya dari Thailand dan negara lain yang mempunyai wabak ASF serta tangkapan yang telah dibuat ke atas aktiviti penyeludupan haram daging khinzir di semua pintu masuk Malaysia pada tahun ini.

Menurut Arthur, bagi membendung aktiviti penyeludupan yang berlaku di luar pintu masuk negara, DVS memainkan peranan melalui kerjasama strategik bersama agensi penguat kuasa lain termasuk Agensi Kawalan dan Perlindungan Sempadan (AKPS), Jabatan Kastam Diraja Malaysia (JKDM), Polis Diraja Malaysia (PDRM) dan Angkatan Tentera Malaysia (ATM).

Ujarnya, dalam tempoh tahun 2024 hingga Julai 2025, MAQIS telah merekodkan sebanyak 24 kes

cubaan penyeludupan haram daging khinzir melibatkan rampasan sejumlah 640 tan metrik produk berkenaan.

Sementara itu Arthur menegaskan, DVS berjaya melaksanakan 18 kes rampasan berkaitan pemindahan karkas babi tanpa kebenaran serta rampasan di premis jualan dan simpanan karkas babi sejuk beku yang disyaki diimport secara haram di tujuh negeri.-

[MALAYSIAGAZETTE](#)

TERIMA KASIH

DISEDIAKAN OLEH:

UNIT KOMUNIKASI KORPORAT
JABATAN PERKHIDMATAN VETERINAR